Renewable Energy



Wind Power

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Wind Power in Maine

Wind resources can be used with both large wind turbines for utility applications and with small wind turbines for on-site generation. As a renewable resource, wind is classified according to wind power classes, which are based on typical wind speeds. These classes range from class 1 (the lowest) to class 7 (the highest). In general, wind power class 3 or higher can be useful for generating wind power with large (utility-scale) turbines, and small turbines

WIND	50m (164 ft)					
POWER CLASS	WIND POWER* W/m ²	SPEED m/s † mph				
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	300 400 500 600 800	- 0 0 12.5 6.4 14.3 7.0 15.7 7.5 16.8 8.0 17.9 8.8 19.7 11.9 26.6 -				

RIDGE CREST ESTIMATES (LOCAL RELIEF > 1000 FT)

can be used at any wind speed. Class 4 and above are considered good resources.

According to analysis conducted by the US Department of Energy, Maine has excellent wind resources in parts of the state. The primary areas of good onshore wind energy resources (class 4 through 7) are the exposed hilltops, ridge crests, and mountain summits in the Longfellow Mountains.

Wind Power Potential

An extensive area of New England, including most of Vermont and New Hampshire, as well as much of Maine, Massachusetts, and Connecticut, has annual average wind power of class 3 or higher on exposed locations. In Maine, the highest powers (class 5 and 6) occur on the best-exposed mountain and ridge tops in the Longfellow Mountains. The remainder of

the hilltops and mountain tops in this area that are outside of these ranges have class 3 or 4 wind power. At the highest elevations this wind power increases to

class 6 and 7 in the winter. Average wind speeds may vary significantly from one ridge crest to another and are primarily influenced by the height and slope of the ridge, orientation to the prevailing winds, and the proximity of other mountains and ridges.

Though siting decisions regarding individual wind facilities are up to state and local officials, DOE has estimated that approximately 7% of Maine's land area may be suitable for wind power development. Where did these estimates come from? First, they excluded the land

which has a wind power class of 2 or less-the nonusable resources. Then, they excluded land with urban development or land that is environmentally sensitive. Assuming there may be other land-use conflicts as well, they subtracted out 50% of forest land, 30% of farmland, and 10% of rangeland, resulting in about 7% of the state of Maine having good winds and being available for development.

According to these estimates, if all of the wind energy potential was developed with utility-scale wind turbines, the power produced each year could equal 52,000,000 megawatt-hours - or 444% of the entire state's electricity consumption. The American Wind Energy Association has estimated the potential to be 56,000,000 megawatt hours. (see back for current state of wind power in New England)



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^{*} Wind Power Density - watts per square meter

[†] meters per second

Current and Proposed Wind Projects in New England

Existing Wind Projects

Searsburg, VT 6.0 11	Orland, ME 0.05 1	Madawaska, ME 0.05 1	Princeton, MA 0.32 8		Holyoke, MA 0.25 1	Location Size Number (in Megawatts) of towers	
1 35	^	< 1	16	<u>^1</u>	^	towers (acres)	
131	100	100	100	164	80	tower (feet)	
66	25	25	22	75	40	Length of Rotor (feet)	

MA DAWA SKA,ME

	(in Megawatts)	of towers	(acres)	tower (feet)	Rotor (feet,
e, MA	0.25	1	^ 1	80	40
Α	0.66	1	^ 1	164	75
on, MA	0.32	00	16	100	22
aska, ME	0.05	1	< <u>1</u>	100	25
ME	0.05	1	^ 1	100	25
rg, VT	6.0	11	35	131	66

Proposed Expansion of Existing Wind Projects

Searsburg, VT	Princeton, MA	Hull, MA	Location
30-40	ω	1.5-5.0	Added Capacity (in Megawatts)

Proposed Wind Projects

East Haven, VT	Manchester, VT	Phillips, ME	Mars Hill, ME	Nantucket Sound, MA	Monroe, MA	Hancock, MA	Location
6	9	52	40-50	420	28.8	13.5	Size (in Megawatts)

Wind Projects in New England **Current and Proposed**

